

<u>REPORT</u>

EXECUTIVE/AUDIT COMMITTEE

EX02-19

 FROM: Joseph Bradbury, CAO Justin Avery, Senior Accountant Michelle Glabb, Director of Employment and Social Services Jean Guy Belzile, Chief of EMS Lynn Démoré-Pitre, Director Children's Services Melanie Shaye, Director of Corporate Services Stacey Cyopeck, Manager of Housing Programs Pierre Guenette, Manager of Housing Operations
 DATE: January 30, 2019
 RE: 2019 Draft Budget

RECOMMENDATION

THAT the District of Nipissing Social Services Administration Board (DNSSAB) accepts option #1 of the 2019 Draft Budget report in EX02-19.

PURPOSE

TO:

The 2019 draft budget has been developed with an emphasis on stable financial planning and maximizing service delivery. This is a prudent financial plan, which supports the 2015-2020 strategic plan and promotes continued excellence in client service with a continued desire to find efficiencies in service delivery and program planning.

BACKGROUND – OVERALL 2019 DNSSAB BUDGET GOALS

Given the change in the Provincial government in 2018 from Liberal to PC, there is a possibility for significant changes to our future funding. Other than the cancellation of the cap and trade related funding, the sunset of N-PREP funding and a 5% reduction to the OW cap, the new PC government has not announced any other significant changes at this time. Therefore we have prepared the 2019 budget assuming status quo from 2018, except for any known program cancellations or changes. We'll expect to have a better picture of the new government's plans once the provincial budget is announced.

Year to date for 2018, the Ontario Works (OW) average monthly caseload and cost per case is lower than what was forecasted during the budget cycle last year. Actual average caseload is also lower than the previous year for the third consecutive year while average cost per case is up slightly from the previous year. Unfortunately none of these savings can be realized by the municipalities as OW financial assistance has been fully uploaded to the Province. Table 1 below outlines how the OW financial assistance has been gradually uploaded to the province.

Table 1 - Ontario Works Cost Sharing of Basic Financial Assistance								
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Ongoing
Municipal/ First Nations Share	17.2%	14.2%	11.4%	8.6%	5.8%	2.8%	0%	0%
Provincial Share	82.8%	85.8%	88.6%	91.4%	94.2%	97.2%	100%	100%

Regarding the OW financial assistance upload, attention needs to be drawn to the fact that the DNSSAB has been able to keep the municipal levy increases very low for the last eight years due to the gradual provincial upload of these benefits. The upload enabled DNSSAB to offset increased cost pressures from other departments to keep the municipal levy increases artificially low. The OW financial benefits became 100% provincially uploaded in 2018, so we can no longer use the upload to minimize levy increases. The completion of this upload will have a significant impact on the 2019 budget and to a lesser degree all future budgets.

The charts below demonstrate the impact the OW financial assistance upload has had on the municipal levy. Without the savings from the continued upload, the historical municipal levy increases would have had to be significantly higher to maintain our service levels.





In 2019, EMS is expected to see service demand increasing, as our population continues to age and requires more frequent emergency medical calls. DNSSAB continues to work with our providers to remain cost effective without compromising quality health care to citizens of our District. Health care funding in Ontario has historically been growing slower than its core cost drivers which is leading to "catch up" funding being required per the following chart¹.



Health spending is growing slower than its core cost drivers every year except 2018-19

¹ Ontario Health Sector - An Updated Assessment of Ontario Health Spending, FAO, https://www.fao-on.org/en/Blog/Publications/health-sector-march-18

While we are not expecting any significant changes to Children's Services programming, the two construction projects for new Child Care and EarlyON centres in South Algonquin and North Bay will continue with estimated completion for the South Algonquin building in the Spring and the Fall/Winter for the 1040 Brookes Street building (former Dr. McDougal School).

Housing Services faces pressures in 2019 relating to the cost of maintaining legacy programs (including Provincially Reformed, Municipal Non-Profit, Private Non-Profit, Urban Native and Commercial Rent Supplement) as well as the cancellation of two provincially funded programs (through the now cancelled cap and trade program). These two 100% provincially funded programs would have provided a total of \$1,666,671 towards social housing capital works projects.

Other cost pressures faced by the DNSSAB include:

- City of North Bay (CNB) rent increases 2.5% annually while CNB technology services and parking costs increase by 3%.
- The initial provincial grant of \$750,000 to fund the three-year, N-PREP pilot has ended. To continue the program for another year, the required funding of \$180,000 will be provided through Ontario Works employment assistance funding which is a 50/50 municipal/provincial split.
- Collective bargaining increases (1.5% plus step-up within pay bands).
- Inflation rate has been steadily increasing in 2018 and is expected to average 2.5% for 2018 and 2.1% for 2019².
- Although it won't affect the 2019 budget, there will be future district wide costs related to the approval of a casino in North Bay. This will need to be studied further in 2019 to assess the impact this will have across the district.

The draft 2019 budget is a prudent budget that realistically accounts for cost pressures, realigns resources efficiently and effectively, and continues to position the Board to meet significant increasing cost pressures.

- ✓ The overall increase to the municipal levy for 2019 is 4.43%. Of this increase, 3.39% will support ongoing operations while the remaining 1.04% relates to enhancements to the budget for Homemaker and Homecare Services, as well as the addition of two mental health and addiction case managers.
- The 2019 budget recognizes significant pressures that will impact Housing Services. Housing Services will continue to operate quality housing buildings and offering supports to residents facing homelessness.

² Fall Economic Update 2018: A Plan for the People, MFOA,

http://mfoa.on.ca/MFOA/Main/MFOA_Policy_Projects/2018_Fall_Economic_Statement.aspx

- The 2019 budget contains provisions to maintain and improve on the investment established in the 2018 budget into OW employment assistance supports and services. Greater focus will be placed on supporting the needs of participants struggling with mental health and addiction issues. To accomplish this, two additional mental health and addiction case manager positions will need to be created. This will assist with bridging the gaps left by waiting lists for treatment.
- ✓ In addition to the enhancements noted above, the 2019 budget provides options around the delivery of Type B funerals and the administration of the Healthy Communities Fund.
- Access to child care fee subsidy is fully maintained, and provides investment in system planning and capacity building that will enhance program development by meeting the needs of children and families in the District.
- ✓ The 2019 budget recognizes and continues to address changes in EMS services relating to both call volumes and changing client demographics.

REPORT

Employment and Social Services Program:



Employment and Social Services Budget by Source of Funds

Ontario Works Programs 2019 Proposed Budget

	В	udget 2018	Budget 2019	V	ariance in Budgets	% Change
Revenues:						
Municipal levies	\$	599,822	\$ 495,027	\$	(104,795)	-17.47%
Province of Ontario		22,262,755	20,859,477		(1,403,278)	-6.30%
Repayments		511,819	476,996		(34,823)	-6.80%
Other revenue		-	45,000		45,000	0.00%
Deferred revenue		-	4,133		4,133	0.00%
Total Revenues	\$	23,374,396	\$ 21,880,633	\$	(1,493,763)	-6.39%
Expenditures:						
OW Financial Assistance	\$	20,727,832	\$ 19,200,000	\$	(1,527,832)	-7.37%
OW Discretionary Benefits		1,072,064	940,000		(132,064)	-12.32%
OW Mandatory Benefits		590,000	590,000		-	0.00%
Funerals and Burials (Type B)		65,000	85,000		20,000	30.77%
OW Employment Assistance Program		919,500	976,500		57,000	6.20%
The Gateway Hub		-	89,133		89,133 🖡	0.00%
Total Expenditures	\$	23,374,396	\$ 21,880,633	\$	(1,493,763)	-6.39%
Surplus (Deficit)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	0	0.00%

- In 2019, the Employment and Social Services (OW) Program budget has decreased year over year by \$1,493,763 or 6.4%. The decrease in the municipal levy contribution is discussed in further detail below.
- OW financial assistance and mandatory benefits are now 100% funded by the Province. Discretionary benefits are also provincially funded, but are capped at \$10 per average caseload with any costs exceeding the cap being 100% municipal.
- Type B municipal funerals/burials are 100% municipal costs (non-mandated by DSSAB).
- In 2019, the only costs that remain cost shared are program delivery and employment services. A portion of which will be 100% provincially funded with the rest being 50/50.
- Program delivery is inclusive of salaries and benefits, training, travel, rent for satellite offices & central administration making up 69.60%, 0.39%, 0.46%, 1.28% & 21.11% of the OW program delivery budget respectively
- The remaining 7.16% represents all other program specific needs to maintain OW operations.
- OW financial benefits costs are expected to decrease in 2019 from budgeted expenditures for 2018 by \$1,527,832 or 7.37%. We're expecting the trend for lower average monthly caseloads along with slight increases in cost per case to continue for 2019. As mentioned previously, these costs are now fully uploaded to the Province and therefore have no impact on the municipal levy.



- The average monthly caseload in 2019 is expected to be 2,188, which represents about a 9.7% decrease from the budgeted average monthly caseload of 2,422 for 2018.
- The annual average cost per case in 2019 is budgeted to be \$711.57 compared to \$705.89, the annual average expected by year end 2018.
- The 2019 budget for mandatory benefits has not been increased based on the lower than expected YTD expenditures.
- YTD discretionary benefits have been significantly lower than budgeted, so the budget has been reduced for 2019. We are, however, anticipating some increased demand for discretionary benefits, compared to 2018 YTD actual expenditures. This is due to the planned revision of the ODSP Discretionary Benefits policy which will make these benefits more accessible to ODSP recipients. This program also funds type A funerals for social assistance recipients which we are expecting increased demand going forward due to an aging population.
- Type B funerals (Municipal) are difficult to budget for, but we are expecting increased demand going forward similar to type A funerals.

- There's a moderate increase in employment related costs due to the end of the 100% provincial grant from the Ontario Trillium Foundation for the three year N-PREP pilot program. This program is being extended at least one more year to support the current students from the pilot program and is now being funded through the 50/50 funding portfolio with MCCSS.
- It should also be noted that the Nipissing DSSAB utilizes less of the available 50/50 funding from MCCSS than any other DSSAB, leaving approximately \$1.25 million dollars on the table (50% of the \$2.5 million). Please see the chart below which summarizes each DSSAB's utilization of the available 50/50 funding from MCCSS for 2018.

	Gross MCCSS	2018 Board	50/50	% of 50/50
	Planning	Approved	Funding not	funding not
NOSDA Members	Allocation	OW Budget	Utilized	Utilized
Algoma DSAB	3,543,000	3,671,034	(128,034)	0.0%
Cochrane DSSAB	6,029,700	6,045,276	(15,576)	0.0%
Greater Sudbury	14,670,600	12,208,969	2,461,631	16.8%
Kenora District Services Board	2,913,600	2,899,325	14,275	0.5%
Manitoulin-Sudbury District				
Services Board	2,323,700	2,279,000	44,700	1.9%
Nipissing DSSAB	10,742,400	8,202,696	2,539,704	23.6%
Parry Sound DSSAB	3,733,500	3,733,500	-	0.0%
Rainy River	1,181,100	977,883	203,217	17.2%
The District of Thunder Bay Social				
Services Administration Board	13,646,800	11,307,000	2,339,800	17.1%
Sault Ste Marie	9,080,800	7,663,155	1,417,645	15.6%
Timiskaming DSSAB	2,890,400	2,872,000	18,400	0.6%

Municipal Budget Implications for 2019:

	2019	Municipal	al Impact	
	Budget	2018	2019	
Program	\$ 21,880,633	\$ 599,822	\$ 495,027	
Program Delivery	\$ 7,411,801	\$ 2,714,051	\$ 2,757,958	
	Total:	\$ 3,313,873	\$ 3,252,985	
		Variance:	\$ (60,888)	
Overall Im	Contribution:	-1.84%		

The next table shows in greater detail the changes in the municipal share of OW program budget year over year by fund.

Ontario Work Financial Benefits Total Budget by Program Fund and Municipal Share 2018 and 2019										
	2018		2019		Increase		2018	2019	Increase	
Employment and Social Services	Budget		Budget		(Decrease)	Mur	nicipal Share	Municipal Share	(Decrease)	%
OW Financial Assistance	\$ 20,727,832	\$	19,200,000	\$	(1,527,832)	\$		\$ -	\$ -	0.00%
Discretionary Benefits	1,072,064		940,000		(132,064)		192,174	67,784	(124,390)	-64.73%
Mandatory Benefits	590,000		590,000		-		-	-	-	0.00%
Funerals - Type B	65,000		85,000		20,000		65,000	49,000	(16,000)	-24.62%
Employment Assistance	919,500		976,500		57,000		342,648	358,243	15,595	4.55%
The Gateway Hub	-		89,133		89,133			20,000	20,000	0.00%
Total	\$ 23,374,396	\$	21,880,633	\$	(1,493,763)	\$	599,822	\$ 495,027	\$ (104,795)	-17.47%

- Municipal levy changes within programs:
 - Discretionary Benefits YTD expenditures have been lower than expected as previously noted, so we have reduced the budget for 2019.
 - Type B Funerals Although we're budgeting for an increase in total costs, we budgeted for the impact of repayments (ex. CPP death benefit) for 2019 which has reduced the municipal impact.
 - Employment Assistance The 100% provincial three year grant from the Ontario Trillium Foundation for the N-PREP program has ended, so this program is now being funded through the 50/50 funding portfolio with MCCSS.
 - Gateway Hub This was budgeted within Employment Assistance in 2018, however we decided to break it out separately for 2019. This only impacts the presentation of the budget and there is no impact on the municipal levy. This program is cost shared with the North Bay Police Service, North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit, and Hands the Family Help Network.
- Municipal levy changes within program delivery:
 - Increase of \$43,906 or 1.62% primarily due to the suggested addition of two additional mental health and addiction case managers

Emergency Medical Services



EMS Program Budget by Source of Funds

Emergency Medical Services Proposed 2019 Budget

	E	Budget 2018	Budget 2019	 riance in Budgets	% Change
Revenues:		-	-	•	<i>/•</i> ••••••
Municipal levy	\$	4,710,756	\$ 5,038,257	\$ 327,501	6.95%
Provincial Funding		5,019,833	5,185,926	166,093	3.31%
Total Revenues	\$	9,730,589	\$ 10,224,183	\$ 493,594	5.07%
Expenditures:					
Rent	\$	313,181	\$ 314,256	\$ 1,075	0.34%
Utilities		56,818	39,338	(17,480)	-30.76%
Internet Expense		19,200	12,456	(6,744)	-35.13%
Water		-	6,984	6,984	0.00%
Insurance		96,061	92,964	(3,097)	-3.22%
Membership Fees		1,700	1,956	256	15.06%
Postage & Courier		-	1,092	1,092	0.00%
Municipal taxes		55,200	59,340	4,140	7.50%
Janitorial Services		-	8,172	8,172	0.00%
Building maintenance		29,912	41,280	11,368	38.01%
Computer SfW, supplies, service		36,004	38,412	2,408	6.69%
Ambulance Purchases		290,000	328,908	38,908	13.42%
Paramedic Training		12,700	14,628	1,928	15.18%
EMS Laudry Services		33,600	33,600	-	0.00%
Uniforms		40,800	41,800	1,000	2.45%
Cross Brd PQ and Water taxi		5,561	5,561	-	0.00%
Medical Equipment		65,000	70,788	5,788	8.90%
Medical Equip Capital		100,000	114,446	14,446	14.45%
BioMed Equip Mtncdcwe & Rpr		12,602	12,602	-	0.00%
Stretcher Lease		106,875	107,256	381	0.36%
Vehicle Expense		170,000	189,012	19,012	11.18%
Transfers to service providers		8,285,376	8,689,332	403,956	4.88%
Total Expenditures	\$	9,730,589	\$ 10,224,183	\$ 493,594	5.07%
Surplus (Deficit)	\$		\$-	\$ 0	0.00%

- In 2019 significant cost pressures are expected to continue in the EMS program. The budget is increasing year over year by 5.07% or \$493,594.
- Explanations for the significant variances year over year are as follows:
 - Utilities decrease of \$17,480 or 30.76% is due to actual YTD expenses being significantly lower than the budgeted amount.
 - Building maintenance increase of \$11,368 or 38.01% is due to actual YTD expenses being higher than the budgeted amount.
 - Budgeted increase of \$38,908 or 13.42% in ambulance purchases is due to the decision to begin purchasing the power loaders rather than leasing them. While this does result in an immediate higher cost, the cost to purchase vs lease is significantly less expensive over time.
 - Medical Equipment Capital increase of \$14,446 or 14.45% is due to the requirement for specialized brackets to be installed in the ambulances to hold the defibrillators.
 - Vehicle expense increase of \$19,012 or 11.18% is based on actual expenditures being higher than the budgeted amount.
 - Transfers to service providers are based on the submitted budgets from each of the providers which will be discussed in further detail below.
- EMS contracts paramedic services through the North Bay Regional Health Centre (NBRHC), the Municipality of Temagami, and the Mattawa General Hospital. The year over year increase by service area are shown below.

			Variance Year over	
Service Area (Service Provider)	Budget 2018	Budget 2019	Year	% Change
North Bay (North Bay Regional Health Centre)	4,714,521	4,903,825	189,304	4.02%
West Nipissing (North Bay Regional Health Centre)	1,798,995	1,877,163	78,168	4.35%
Temagami (Municipality of Temagami)	636,285	668,099	31,814	5.00%
Mattawa (Mattawa General Hospital)	656,231	718,568	62,337	9.50%
South Algonquin (North Bay Regional General Hospital)	492,656	521,681	29,025	5.89%
	8,298,688	8,689,336	390,648	4.71%

EMS Land Ambulance Provider Budgets for 2019 Compared to 2018

- Service provider budgets have increased significantly due to the following reasons:
 - As mentioned previously, inflation rates are significantly higher in the health care sector.
 - Collective bargaining increases.
 - Up-staffing required for increased call volumes due to an aging population.

- Increased call volumes impact other costs as well such as fuel, supplies, vehicle maintenance, etc.
- Mattawa specific:
 - Mattawa has been experiencing higher than normal turnover rates, as many of their staff do not live in Mattawa and there is little incentive for them to travel there for work. This has led to increased costs for continually recruiting, hiring, and training new staff. Therefore, we have approved a travel reimbursement as an incentive for Mattawa Hospital to retain employees that do not live in Mattawa.
- Temagami specific:
 - Increase for rent of the EMS base in Temagami by \$12,000. This rent has been flat for many years, so an increase was long overdue.

Municipal Budget Implications for 2019:

	2019	Municipal	Impact
	Budget	2018	2019
Program	\$ 10,224,183	\$ 4,710,756	\$ 5,038,257
Program Delivery	\$ 375,360	\$ 149,678	\$ 171,120
	Total:	\$ 4,860,434	\$ 5,209,377
		Variance:	\$ 348,943
Overall Im	Contribution:	7.18%	

- Primary cost drivers for EMS programming have been noted above.
- EMS Program Delivery costs have increased as we have budgeted \$50,000 for a value for money service review.

Children's Services (Licensed Child Care Services & EarlyON Child & Family Centres):



Children's Services Budget by Source of Funds

- The provincial portion represents 93.73% of the overall budget allocated to children's services.
- The year over year decrease in total costs for the Child Care and EarlyON programs is approximately \$1.44 million. Most of this decrease is associated with the 100% provincially funded Expansion, ELCC, Journey Together & EarlyON programs.
- ELCC and Expansion annual allocations are expected to remain consistent in 2019. While the budget demonstrates a decrease, we had significant ELCC and Expansion deferred revenue from 2017 available in 2018. This funding could not be deferred any longer and was required to be spent in 2018.
- The Indigenous Community Hub, partially funded through the Journey Together initiative, is funded for 2 years (2018 & 2019), with the majority of the funding relating to 2018. The allocations specific to this initiative include both capital and operating funding.
- In 2019, EarlyON and child care expenditures are expected to continue to be within the EDU funding envelope.
- The 100% provincially funded ELCC & Expansion dollars are providing ongoing support to several licensed child care program expansions through: fee subsidy, general operating, special needs resourcing, etc.

r	Children's Services Program Total Budget by Program Fund and Municipal Share 2018 and 2019						
	2018	2019	Increase	2018	2019	Increase	
Children's Services Programs	Budget	Budget	(Decrease)	Municipal Share	Municipal Share	(Decrease)	%
Fee Subsidy	\$ 5,069,132	\$4,779,465	\$ (289,667)	\$ 739,908	\$ 830,966	\$ 91,058	12.31%
Fee Subsidy - OW Formal	1,467,165	1,621,985	154,820	258,433	186,989	(71,444)	-27.65%
Fee Subsidy - OW Informal	25,000	25,000	-	-	-	-	0.00%
Fee Subsidy - School Age Recreation	54,600	58,000	3,400	10,920	-	(10,920)	-100.00%
Special Needs	898,304	878,304	(20,000)	-	-	-	0.00%
General Operating	2,025,000	1,832,000	(193,000)	-	-	-	0.00%
Pay Equity	171,122	171,122	-	-	-	-	0.00%
Wage Enhancement	1,603,804	1,603,804	-	-	-	-	0.00%
Repair and Maintenance	84,723	60,000	(24,723)	-	-		0.00%
Play-Based Material & Equipment	137,000	65,000	(72,000)	-	-	-	0.00%
Capital Retrofits	100,000	72,736	(27,264)	-			0.00%
Capacity Building	186,716	145,000	(41,716)	-	-	-	0.00%
Transformation	440,000	340,891	(99,109)	-	-	-	0.00%
Fee Stabilization	92,243	92,264	21	-	-	-	0.00%
Journey Together - Childcare	2,505,186	1,421,738	(1,083,448)	-	-	-	0.00%
Journey Together - EarlyON	917,453	717,464	(199,989)			-	0.00%
EarlyON Programs	1,900,841	1,900,841	-	-	-		0.00%
Capital - Childcare		172,500	172,500	-	-		0.00%
Capital - EarlyON		272,500	272,500	-	-		0.00%
							0.00%
Total	\$ 17,678,289	\$ 16,230,614	\$ (1,447,675)	\$ 1,009,261	\$ 1,017,955	\$ 8,694	0.86%

Children's Services Program Total Budget by Program Fund and Municipal Share 2018 and 2019

- When compared to the previous year, the General Operating Grant decreased by \$193,000 to approximately \$2 million. The additional investments that were made in 2018 related to deferred revenue, therefore the 2019 budget better reflects actual funding available to DNSSAB.
- The demand for Fee subsidy is expected to continue to increase due to the expansion of licensed child care spaces in late 2018 and throughout 2019.
- EarlyON Child and Family Centres are funded 100% by the Ministry of Education (EDU); however, CMSMs and DSSABs do have the option to support with a 20% funding contribution (\$422,409). With this contribution, DNSSAB would be permitted to add the DNSSAB logo to all correspondence and signage associated to the EarlyON programs and services.
- The South Algonquin Hub is partially funded through Community Based Capital Funding (EDU) in the amount of \$525,000. We are budgeting to defer \$445,000 (\$172,500 + \$272,500) for 2019 as the majority of the costs are expected to be incurred from January to April 2019.
- Additional funding for these initiatives will flow from the Mitigation Reserve as detailed below.

2019 Budget Impact on Children's Services Restricted Reserves:

Opening Balance Mitigation Reserve 2019:	\$1,908,573
Expected transfers in 2019	
Child Care Program – South Algonquin	\$ (400,000)
 Indigenous Community Hub – North Bay 	<u>\$ (500,000</u>)
Expected Ending Balance Mitigation Reserve 2019:	\$1,008,573

Opening Balance BS Unconditional Reserve 2019:	\$ 570,240
At this time, there are no expected transfers in 2019	<u>\$0</u>
Expected Ending BS Unconditional Reserve 2019:	\$ 570,240

Municipal Budget Implications for 2019:

	2019	Municipa	al Impact	
	Budget	2018	2019	
Program	\$ 16,230,614	\$ 1,009,261	\$ 1,017,955	
Program Delivery	\$ 1,424,678	\$ 229,435	\$ 225,985	
	Total:	\$ 1,238,696	\$ 1,243,940	
		Variance:	\$ 5,244	
Overall Im	Contribution:	0.42%		

- The Children's Services municipal levy allocation is the minimum cost share requirement per the 2018 transfer payment agreement with the Ministry of Education. No additional levy beyond the minimum requirement is allocated to this program. The budget is based on the 2018 transfer payment agreement since we have not yet received the 2019 agreement.
- The Children's Services Program Delivery budget includes one additional FTE position in order to support with the increased administrative responsibilities (i.e. service system planning, EarlyON Child & Family Centres, child care expansions, capital projects, etc.). The position is 100% provincially funded.



Housing Services Budget by Source of Funds

	Housi	ng Services Total E	Budget by Program	Fund and Mu	nicipal Share 20	18 and 2019	
	2018	2019	Increase	2018	2019	Increase	
Housing Services	Budget	Budget	(Decrease)	Municipal Share	Municipal Share	(Decrease)	%
Reformed non-profit	\$ 5,856,503	\$ 5,929,020	\$ 72,517	\$4,477,265	\$ 4,549,782	\$ 72,517	1.62%
Municipal non-profit	1,161,519	1,187,868	26,349	631,370	657,719	26,349	4.17%
Federal non-profit	225,737	225,744	7	143,206	143,213	7	0.00%
Urban Native	1,083,278	1,061,568	(21,710)	40,366	18,656	(21,710)	-53.78%
Nipissing District Housing Corp	2,684,307	3,043,584	359,277	2,060,047	2,486,444	426,397	20.70%
Commercial Rent Supplement	496,800	503,004	6,204	264,151	285,128	20,977	7.94%
Registry - Housing		-	-			-	0.00%
Strong Communities Rent Supp	382,340	324,096	(58,244)		-	-	0.00%
Northern Remote - Build	128,522	129,105	583	128,522	129,105	583	0.45%
СНРІ	1,606,949	1,466,584	(140,365)		-	-	0.00%
Homelessness Partnership	199,485	162,252	(37,233)		-	-	0.00%
IAH	513,908	454,480	(59,428)		-	-	0.00%
SIF	539,764	68,250	(471,514)		-	-	0.00%
SHIP	740,121	-	(740,121)	-	-	-	0.00%
SHEEP	-	-		-	-	-	0.00%
Affordable Housing Reserve	-	-	-		-	-	0.00%
Total	\$ 15,619,233	\$ 14,555,555	\$ (1,063,678)	\$7,744,927	\$ 8,270,047	\$ 525,120	6.78%

- The Housing Services budget is decreasing year over year by approximately \$1.06 million. The municipal share of this budget has increased year over year by approximately \$525k.
- The decreased overall budget is associated with the completion of 100% provincially funded projects like the \$740,000 in Social Housing Improvement Program (SHIP) and Social Infrastructure Fund (SIF) funding.
- 2018 marked the cancelation of two provincially funded programs; GreenOn and Social Housing Apartment Improvement Program (SHAIP) for a combined total of \$1,666,671. The termination of these programs impacted social housing capital works projects planned and has therefore increased the municipal share.
- The 2019/20 Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Housing (MMAH) fiscal year marks the final year of the federally and provincially funded Investment in Affordable Housing Ext 2014 (IAH-E) program. The funds received over this 6 year program totalled \$5,399,200. Also, SIF, another federally and provincially funded program, has not yet been renewed for 2019/20. The district has been receiving funds under this program for the last three fiscal years, in the total amount of \$4,471,200. We are hopeful that with the release of the Provincial Budget in the spring there will be an announcement regarding funding for affordable housing programs.
- While program funding years have ended we continue to deliver the Affordable Housing Program; Housing Allowance, Homeownership and Ontario Renovates, as we see current files through to completion. These will be supported through the use of deferred revenue.
- Given the cancellation and completion of the various adhoc programs and the finalizing of the IAH-E program and the delayed extension announcement of the SIF program, in order to mitigate an increase in municipal levy, we have made reductions to our staffing compliment to offset the loss in provincial administration funding.
- The Provincial/Federal funding provided by MMAH for the Legacy programs (Provincially Reformed, Public Housing, Urban Native, Federal, and Commercial Rent Supplement programs) is decreasing from 2018 by \$67,121. This reduction is directly related to the funding targeted to Public Housing, which correlates to an increase in the Municipal Levy for Housing Operations (NDHC).

- There is a significant increase in the subsidies required to fund Phase III of NDHC's operations. This is due to the following factors:
 - The reduction in Provincial/Federal funding of \$67,121 noted above.
 - A share of the central administration costs being allocated to NDHC for the first time.
 - Collective bargaining increase.
 - Water and property tax increases. Property taxes have been increasing significantly due to the combination of municipal tax rate and Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC) assessment increases.
- In order to reduce some of the pressures on the levy due to the above mentioned costs increases, we have reduced the NDHC capital budget by approximately \$414,000 year over year. It should be noted that this is not a long-term sustainable strategy as our housing portfolio needs to be properly maintained. This is where the cancellation of the cap-and-trade related funding significantly impacts our operations as we could have used that 100% provincial funding to reduce the levy impact of maintaining our housing portfolio.
- For the 2019 budget, many of the housing provider budgets remained the same or were reduced in comparison to 2018. This is a result of the 2019 indices and the drastic lowering of the index for natural gas from 11.63% to -2.75%. Due to expected 2019 reconciliations, the Provincial Reformed budget ultimately amounts to \$5,929,020, representing a modest Municipal Levy increase of 1.62%.
- Legislation outlines the DNSSAB's Service Level Standards; the specific number of Rent Geared to Income units we are required to fund. We are currently not meeting this obligation and are currently short approximately 206 units of housing.
- A mitigation strategy has been developed a phased in approach to add new units to address our legislative obligations while exercising prudent financial management. As part of this strategy, the Portable Housing Benefit program will be developed and implemented.

- The Commercial Rent Supplement program is an instrumental component in reaching our District's Service Level Standards for Rent Geared to Income units. This program is typically associated with a municipal levy increase as the DNSSAB attempts to ramp up the program to meet legislative obligations.
- In 2018, the Commercial Rent Supplement budget amounted to \$496,800 with a large portion taken from previous years' deferred revenue. Expenditures in 2018 are expected to be \$442,063. The decreased spending is a result of halting the planned ramp-up to 120 units to offset increased expenditures in other legacy programs.
- For 2019, DNSSAB intends to maintain the current 100 units under the program. By doing so, the total budget will increase by \$6,204 to a total budget of \$503,004. This represents a Municipal Levy increase of 7.94% since there is less deferred revenue available compared to 2018.
- In 2018, the demands for Community Homelessness Prevention Initiative (CHPI) Household Benefits have been higher than anticipated, which correlates to an increase in shelter and overflow usage. This is a trend which has been seen across the province. The 2019 CHPI budget recognizes this changing need in our community, and realigns funding to better support those experiencing or at risk of homelessness.

Municipal Budget Implications for 2019:

	2019	Municipa	al Impact		
	Budget	2018	2019		
Program	\$ 14,555,555	\$ 7,744,927	\$ 8,270,047		
Program Delivery	\$ 1,394,638	\$ 1,187,593	\$ 1,085,191		
	Total:	\$ 8,932,520	\$ 9,355,238		
		Variance:	\$ 422,718		
Overall Im	Contribution:	4.73%			

Program Delivery and Corporate Services



- The 2018 program delivery budget is showing an increase year over year of \$361,545. Despite the increase in total costs, the municipal levy has actually decreased by \$40,322.
- The additional program delivery costs are result of a combination of factors that include:
 - Collective bargaining increases.
 - Enhanced services in Ontario Works to provide supports to clients with identified addiction and mental health concerns.
 - Additional Children's Services staff which is 100% provincially funded.
 - Other items will be discussed in further detail below.

Program Delivery and Corporate Services

Proposed Budget for 2019

	Budget 2018	Budget 2019	Vari Budg	ance to get	% Change
Revenues:					
Municipal levy	\$ 4,455,224	\$ 4,414,902	\$	(40,322)	-0.91%
Provincial Funding	6,282,513	6,312,396		29,883	0.48%
Lease & Fee, Other Revenue	1,800	241,200		239,400	13300.00%
Interest Revenue	136,786	260,660		123,874	90.56%
Repayments	-	33,000		33,000	0.00%
Federal Funding	45,000	20,709		(24,291)	-53.98%
Total Revenues	10,921,322	11,282,867		361,545	3.31%
Expenditures:					
Salaries & Benefits	\$ 8,665,141	\$ 9,020,468	\$	355,327	4.10%
Travel	72,056	100,915		28,859	40.05%
Training	155,085	90,491		(64,594)	-41.65%
Professional Fees	232,142	248,169		16,027	6.90%
Rent	429,287	452,880		23,593	5.50%
Utilities	77,771	95,340		17,569	22.59%
Telephone & Internet	166,953	133,182		(33,771)	-20.23%
Office	245,872	246,509		637	0.26%
Insurance Expense	34,983	65,130		30,147	86.18%
Janitorial Services	82,752	70,684		(12,068)	-14.58%
Furniture, Equipment and Repairs	185,326	130,781		(54,545)	-29.43%
Computer and Technology	264,852	357,037		92,185	34.81%
Health and Safety/Wellness	46,541	43,722		(2,819)	-6.06%
Parking	54,100	49,908		(4,192)	-7.75%
CNB IT Services	197,124	171,312		(25,812)	-13.09%
Transfer to service providers	11,338	6,339		(4,999)	-44.09%
Total Expenditures	\$ 10,921,322	\$ 11,282,867	\$	361,545	3.31%
Surplus (Deficit)		<u> </u>		0	0.00%

- Increase in other revenue is due to the central administration charge to NDHC. DNSSAB has taken over the corporate services functions at NDHC, so it is appropriate that we now charge NDHC a central administration allocation similar to the other departments.
- Interest revenue has increased significantly with rising interest rates. We've also had some one-time capital funding which has temporarily increased our cash balance until the funding is spent by the end of 2019.
- Staffing costs include a 1.5% wage increase as negotiated under the two collective agreements with a matched increase for non-union positions to maintain parity. Total budgeted staff related payroll costs for 2019 is \$9,367,834.

- In 2019 group benefit costs are expected to increase modestly. In 2018 we experienced a 1.0% decrease to the DNSSAB plan and 8.6% increase to Housing Operations (NDHC) plan.
- Training and travel costs combined are decreasing \$35,735 as all DNSSAB departments are reducing discretionary expenses where possible being conscious of the levy pressures.
- Professional fees are expected to increase due to the \$50,000 budgeted for the EMS value for money review as well as costs associated with the ongoing accommodation review.
- Rent is increasing per all the various lease agreement including the 2.5% annual increase of the City Hall rent.
- Insurance costs have increased as we have added NDHC to our insurance portfolio.
- Repairs and maintenance have decreased because we budgeted for first floor renovations in 2018 which didn't occur and we are not planning for these renovations in 2019.
- Technology costs are increasing significantly due to planned expenditures on the employment database and Let's Talk Employment.
 - The Employment Database expenditures are to enhance the overall functionality of the database to increase the effectiveness of the tool. We are moving to a new platform that has increased capabilities.
 - Let's Talk Employment will be an interactive employment website that Clark Communications will be building for us that will allow job seekers to find all of the resources they will need to be successful in a job search. It is intended to pull together as much relevant and current information available into one site. The site will also be connected to the Get Trained Workers initiative.
- Parking costs increase 3% annually but these costs have been partially offset by the increase to our staff parking payroll deduction from \$5 to \$10 bi-weekly effective January 1, 2019.
- CNB services (which is comprised of IT and had previously included purchasing services) also appear to be decreasing despite an annual 3% increase, however, this is because we budgeted to use the CNB for purchasing services in 2018 but have brought this position in house with the Contract Specialist position.

• The following summarizes the 2019 CNB budgeted costs for various services. We also pay the CNB approximately \$60,000 per year for postage but this has been excluded from this list.

City of North Bay costs:	2019
Rent	325,199.19
IT services	171,304.41
Parking	72,786.76
Utilities	95,343.05
Telephone	34,928.00
Elevator shared maintenance	5,769.42
Other shared maintenance	8,469.48
	713,800.31

The following table shows in greater detail the changes in the municipal share of Program delivery and corporate services budget year over year.

	Program Delivery I otal Budget by Program and Municipal Share 2019											
	2018		2019		Increase		2018		2019		Increase	
Program Delivery	Budget		Budget		(Decrease)	Mu	nicipal Share	Μι	unicipal Share		(Decrease)	%
Employment and Social Services												
Program Delivery	\$ 7,283,196	\$	7,411,802	\$	128,606	\$	2,714,051	\$	2,757,958	\$	43,907	1.62%
Housing Program Delivery	1,587,789		1,394,639		(193,150)		1,187,593		1,085,191		(102,402)	-8.62%
Children's Services Program Delivery	1,421,101		1,424,678		3,577		229,435		225,985		(3,450)	-1.50%
EMS Program Delivery	299,355		375,240		75,885		149,678		171,120		21,442	14.33%
Board & Governance	221,295		204,648		(16,647)		174,467		174,648		181	0.10%
Corporate Services	108,586		471,860		363,274		-					0.00%
Total	\$ 10,921,322	\$	11,282,867	\$	361,545	\$	4,455,223	\$	4,414,902	\$	(40,322)	-0.91%

Program DeliveryTotal Budget by Program and Municipal Share 2018 and 2019

Homemaker and Homecare Services

- The Homemaker and Nurses Services Act 1990³ provides the opportunity for DSSAB's and Municipal Services System Managers to provide Homemaker and Homecare services to qualified individuals through an 80/20 funding split with the Province of Ontario.
- The DNSSAB is proposing to offer Homemaker and Homecare services to individuals with mental health and addiction issues, frail seniors, individuals with developmental disabilities, and low income and social housing occupants. A financial needs test will be used to determine the qualification of potential clients with an expected co-pay being applied where applicable.
- By providing these services, not only will this vulnerable sector of our population be receiving better and more frequent health/home care, the services provided will allow for better housing stability and fewer EMS calls.
- It is anticipated, through the proposed model, that DNSSAB will provide Homemaker and Homecare services to over 350 individuals, utilizing a staff compliment of 4.2 FTE housekeepers, 3.0 FTE Personal Support Workers (PSW's) and 1 RN.
- We are anticipating approximately \$500,000 in program costs for this initiative. This would require a municipal levy contribution of \$100,000) to access the provincial funding of \$400,000 (80/20 split). We have also included an additional \$25,000 (5% of \$500,000 budget) municipal contribution to cover administrative costs as this funding envelope does not provide any administrative dollars. Therefore the total municipal contribution would be \$125,000.
- Please see the next page for details on the cost estimates.

³ https://www.ontario.ca/laws/statute/90h10

Area of Service	Est. # of clients served Annually	Average active clients	Avg. Hrs service per client (monthly)	Per hour cost	Avg. Cost per client visit HM 521.42 per hr + 53.6 travel time + 510 avg. km rate PSW 529.18 per hr + 57.0 travel time + 510 avg. km rate	Cost share DNSSAB	Cost share Ministry	Budget Total
Homemaker	72	65	8	\$21.42	\$58.20 (based on 2hrs/wk)	\$39,343	\$157,373	\$196,716
Homecare	290	60	6	\$29.18 axg	\$61.07 (based on 1.5hrs/wk)	\$38,108	\$152,431	\$190,538
RN/ Coordinator	362	125	50% (Coordination) 50% (Homecare)	\$55.49	\$27.75	\$20,198	\$80,794	\$100,992
Total	362	125				\$97,649	\$390,597	\$488,246

*funding figures do not account for client payments

*Estimates/Targets based on current demand

Area of Service	Est. # of clients served Annually	Average active clients	Avg. Hrs service per client (monthly)	Per hour Cost	Avg. Cost per client visit HM 521.42 per hr + 53.6 travel time + 510 avg. km rate PSW 529.18 per hr + 57.0 travel time + 510 avg. km rate RN \$27.75	Cost share DNSSAB	Cost share Ministry	Budget Total
Homemaker	72	65	8	\$21.42	\$58.20 (based on 2hrs/wk)	\$39,343	\$157,373	\$196,716
Homecare	290	60	6	\$29.18 avg	\$61.07 (based on 1.5hrs/wk)	\$38,108	\$152,431	\$190,538
RN/ Coordinator	362	125	50% (Coordination) 50% (Homecare)	\$55.49	\$27.75	\$20,198	\$80,794	\$100,992
Total	362	125				\$97,649	\$390,597	\$488,246

FINANCIAL IMPLICATION – IMPACT ON LEVY

• The total 2019 budget proposed in this report shows an increase to the municipal funding year over year by approximately 4.43%, or \$841,199. The table below shows the impact on the levy by each program area.

	2018		2019		Increase		2018		2019		Increase	
Total Budget	Budget		Budget		(Decrease)	Μι	unicipal Share	м	unicipal Share		(Decrease)	%
Employment and Social Services	\$ 23,374,396	\$	21,880,633	\$	(1,493,763)	\$	599,822	\$	495,027	\$	(104,795)	-17.47%
Healthy Communities Fund	470,000		470,000				470,000		470,000			0.00%
Housing Services	15,619,233		14,555,555		(1,063,678)		7,744,927		8,270,047		525,120	6.78%
Children's Services	17,678,289		16,230,614		(1,447,675)		1,009,261		1,017,955		8,694	0.86%
EMS - Land Ambulance	9,730,589		10,224,183		493,594		4,710,756		5,038,257		327,501	6.95%
Program Delivery & Corporate Service	10,921,322		11,282,867		361,545		4,455,223		4,414,902		(40,321)	-0.91%
Services	-		525,000		525,000		-		125,000		125,000	0.00%
					-							
Total	\$ 77,793,829	\$	75,168,852	\$	(2,624,977)	\$	5 18,989,989	\$	19,831,188	\$	841,199	4.43%

Total Budget b	v Program	Fund and	Municipal Share	2018 and 2019
TOLAI DUUgel D	y Frogram	i unu anu	i futticipai sitale	2010 and 2017

- In terms of administrative overhead, the cost of corporate services remains low at 3.66% of the total 2019 budget.
- Based on the 2018 budget, there continues to be about \$2.5 million in available 50/50 funding to support OW program delivery/employment services. That means to access this funding; the municipalities would have to invest an additional \$1.25 million in order to maximize this funding envelope.

CONCLUSION

	2018	2018	2019	Increase	2018	2019	Increase	
	Forecast to Year End	Budget	Budget	(Decrease)	Municipal Share of Budget	Municipal Share of Budget	(Decrease)	%
Employment and Social Services	20,888,205	23,374,396	21,880,633	(1,493,763)	599,822	495,027	(104,795)	(17.47%)
Healthy Communities Fund	470,000	470,000	470,000	-	470,000	470,000	-	0.00%
Housing Services	17,320,003	15,619,233	14,555,555	(1,063,678)	7,744,927	8,270,047	525,120	6.78%
Children's Services	16,301,267	17,678,289	16,230,614	(1,447,675)	1,009,261	1,017,955	8,694	0.86%
EMS - Land Ambulance	9,761,065	9,730,589	10,224,183	493,594	4,710,756	5,038,257	327,501	6.95%
Program Delivery & Corporate Services	10,803,009	10,921,322	11,282,867	361,545	4,455,223	4,414,902	(40,321)	(0.91%)
Homemaker and Homecare Services	-	-	525,000	525,000	-	125,000	125,000	
Total	75,543,549	77,793,829	75,168,852	(2,624,977)	18,989,988	19,831,188	841,199	
	[% Increase	e (Decrease)	(3.37%)	% Increase	4.43%		
2019 Provincial/Federal Share	54,093,714		71.96%					
2019 Municipal Share	19,831,188		26.38%					
2019 Repayments & Other Income	1,243,950		1.65%					
2018 Apportionment	18,989,988	24.41%						

DISTRICT OF NIPISSING SOCIAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION BOARD 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY

With the completion of the OW Financial Assistance benefits upload to the province, we will no longer be able to sustain sub 2% levy increases going forward if we want to maintain our services and if our ratio of provincial/municipal funding stays status quo.

We realize that the recommended levy increase is significant in 2019 and although this is our recommended budget which balances fiscal responsibility with slight enhancements to much needed mental health and addictions supports, we have provided some additional options below for your review.

The Board has 3 budget options:

- 1. 4.43% levy increase recommended option as presented
- 2. The cancellation/denial to proceed with any one or a combination of the following options:
 - a. Healthy Communities Fund
 - i. This would reduce the municipal levy increase by 2.47% resulting in an overall increase of 1.95%. Please see Appendix A for a background on the fund and a list of the organizations that the fund has supported in the past. The potential community impacts of cancelling the fund should also be considered.
 - b. Type B Funerals for non-social assistance recipients
 - i. This would reduce the municipal levy increase by 0.26% resulting in an overall increase of 4.17%. The DNSSAB provides this service on behalf of the municipalities which would be legislated to provide this service if DNSSAB did not.
 - c. Homemaker and Homecare Services
 - i. If the Board denies the request to move forward with this new program, this would reduce the municipal levy increase by 0.66% resulting in an overall increase of 3.77%.
 - d. Two additional mental health and addictions case managers
 - i. This would reduce the municipal levy increase by 0.38% resulting in an overall increase of 4.05%.
- 3. Any \$100,000 municipal (\$200,000 total investment from matching provincial portion) incremental increase to the available MCCSS 50/50 funding would result in a 0.53% increase to municipal levy.

The total 2019 budget proposed in this report shows an increase to the municipal funding year over year by approximately 4.43%, or \$841,199. The total budget decreased year over year by \$2,624,977, or 3.37%.

REVISED BUDGET SUMMARY

When the budget was presented to the Board on January 30, 2019, they approved the following amendments to the budget:

- Homemaker and Homecare Services, option 2(c), was denied and was therefore removed from the budget.
- The Healthy Communities Fund, option 2(a), was reduced from \$470,000 to \$400,000.

The remainder of the budget was approved as presented. The below budget summary takes these revisions into account to reflect the Board approved budget on January 30, 2019.

	2018	2018	2019	Increase	2018	2019	Increase	
	Forecast to Year End	Budget	Budget	(Decrease)	Municipal Share of Budget	Municipal Share of Budget	(Decrease)	%
Employment and Social Services	20,888,205	23,374,396	21,880,633	(1,493,763)	599,822	495,027	(104,795)	(17.47%)
Healthy Communities Fund	470,000	470,000	400,000	(70,000)	470,000	400,000	(70,000)	(14.89%)
Housing Services	17,320,003	15,619,233	14,555,555	(1,063,678)	7,744,927	8,270,047	525,120	6.78%
Children's Services	16,301,267	17,678,289	16,230,614	(1,447,675)	1,009,261	1,017,955	8,694	0.86%
EMS - Land Ambulance	9,761,065	9,730,589	10,224,183	493,594	4,710,756	5,038,257	327,501	6.95%
Program Delivery & Corporate Services	10,803,009	10,921,322	11,282,867	361,545	4,455,223	4,414,902	(40,321)	(0.91%)
Total	75,543,549	77,793,829	74,573,852	(3,219,977)	18,989,988	19,636,188	646,199	
	[% Increase	e (Decrease)	(4.14%)	% Increase	3.40%		
2019 Provincial/Federal Share	53,693,714		72.00%					
2019 Municipal Share	19,636,188		26.33%					
2019 Repayments & Other Income	1,243,950		1.67%					
2018 Apportionment	18,989,988	24.41%						

DISTRICT OF NIPISSING SOCIAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION BOARD 2019 BUDGET SUMMARY

• APPENDIX A

HEALTHY COMMUNITIES FUND

The 2019 Healthy Communities Fund (HCF) budget is set at \$470,000 which follows that of recent years. The fund is comprised of 100% municipal dollars and is administered by DNSSAB on behalf of the district's municipalities. Currently, the fund is focused on poverty reduction in Nipissing District and is allocated to various organizations and their projects/programs through an annual application process. (<u>Note</u>: in 2018 LIPI was removed from the application process and is now directly funded through the HCF).

As additional background for the new Board members, the origin of the Healthy Communities Fund can be traced back to 2001 when the municipal funds were distributed through Ontario Child Benefit (OCB) funding. Since that time, the fund has undergone many changes including the provincial restructuring of social services in 2008 which resulted in fundamental changes to the fund. The fund has also had a number of administrative changes and redesigns over the years, often in response to a shift in Board policy or challenges associated with managing the fund. Also of note, the Healthy Communities Fund and the funds before it (Innovation and OCB) have been the subject of numerous staff briefing notes, presentations, and committee/ Board discussions over the years.

Throughout the above period however, the municipal funds have always been used to fund various community organizations and projects/programs, intended to meet the needs of low income families, children and individuals, and reduce poverty in local Nipissing communities. This pattern of funding can be observed in Table 1 on the following page which shows the distribution of municipal funds by organization/ service provider over the past five years (prior to 2016 the fund was named the 'Innovation Fund'). Most of these organizations have received municipal funding for projects in the areas of education, employment, housing and homelessness, food security, substance abuse/addictions, access to services, and general health and well-being.

With regards to budget option #2a (p. 26) it is important for the Board to consider the community impacts associated with that option – for example, the loss of funding could significantly impact these organizations as some of them may be dependent on this funding.

Table 1. Healthy	Communities and	Innovation Funds	(\$), 2014-2018
------------------	-----------------	-------------------------	-----------------

Organization	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total, \$
Big Brothers Big Sisters of North Bay	15,000	15,000	15,000		20,000	65,000
Canadore College		25,000				25,000
Children's Aid Society, Nipissing & Parry Sound	35,293	87,000	30,000			152,293
CMHA-Nipissing Branch	90,768		30,000	30,000		150,768
Community Living North Bay	25,000	25,000	18,371		30,000	98,371
Crisis Centre North Bay			25,153	24,440	25,790	75,383
Family Enrichment Program	25,000	25,000	30,000	30,000		110,000
Literacy Alliance of West Nipissing	19,900					19,900
Low Income People Involvement (LIPI)	125,000	100,000	120,000	130,000	130,000	605,000
Mattawa Wellness and Life Enrichment Corp.			29,916	29,916		59,832
Mattawa Women's Resource Centre	13,440					13,440
Nipissing District Housing Corporation (NDHC)	36,507		60,000			96,507
North Bay & Area Drug Strategy					23,000	23,000
North Bay & District Multicultural Centre					1,809	1,809
North Bay Indian Friendship Centre	12,000	25,000				37,000
North Bay Parry Sound District Health Unit (NBPSDHU)		25,000		30,000	15,275	70,275
North Bay Warming Centre				30,000		30,000
One Kids Place Children's Treatment Centre		50,000				50,000
Powassan and District Union Public Library	4,855					4,855
St. Joseph-Scollard Hall CSS	25,000					25,000
Stepping Stones Services					60,000	60,000
The Business Centre Nipissing Parry Sound Inc.		24,970		23,804		48,774
The Gathering Place			30,000	47,556	65,000	142,556
The North Bay Food bank				22,500		22,500
The North Bay Literacy Council Inc.	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,700	125,700
True Self Debwewendizwin		50,000	60,000	46,784	72,800	229,584
YMCA	17,356					17,356
Total, \$	470,120	476,970	473,440	470,000	469,374	2,359,904
				Funding		

1,800 130,000

<u>Note</u>: The HCF currently has a maximum of \$30,000 per application/ project. Some organizations are funded for more than one application/project in a given year.